



Using Flask to easily create simple
dynamic web pages

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Links!

- Flask documentation: <http://flask.pocoo.org>
- Flask snippets: <http://flask.pocoo.org/snippets/>
- Jinja2 templates: <http://jinja.pocoo.org/>
- Werkzeug: <http://werkzeug.pocoo.org/>
- Flask extensions: <http://flask.pocoo.org/extensions/>

What is Flask?

- a “microframework for Python based on Werkzeug, Jinja2 and good intentions”
- Primary maintainer: Armin Ronacher
- BSD licensed.



Uses of Flask at EAO

- Web interface to our data processing system (internal only): allows users to change the state of jobs to resolve errors and monitor progress
- Hedwig, our proposal and technical assent platform (written by Graham Bell). This has performed happily through more than 6 calls for proposals and TAC meetings now.
- SCUBA-2 Calibration database (public), which retrieves calibration values for a user's project from our database and returns the values and produces some plots of them.
- Pigwidgeon, a publication tracking web app for observatories.

Features of flask

- Built in server for testing and debugging. (doesn't scale well)
- Unicode based
- session/cookie support
- Fairly easy to deploy to a WSGI server for production.
- Well documented!
- Large number of extensions, including:
 - Login schemes: including specific logins and/or LDAP
 - sqlalchemy/DB connections.

The simplest Flask App

- Basic Hello world application from the documentation:

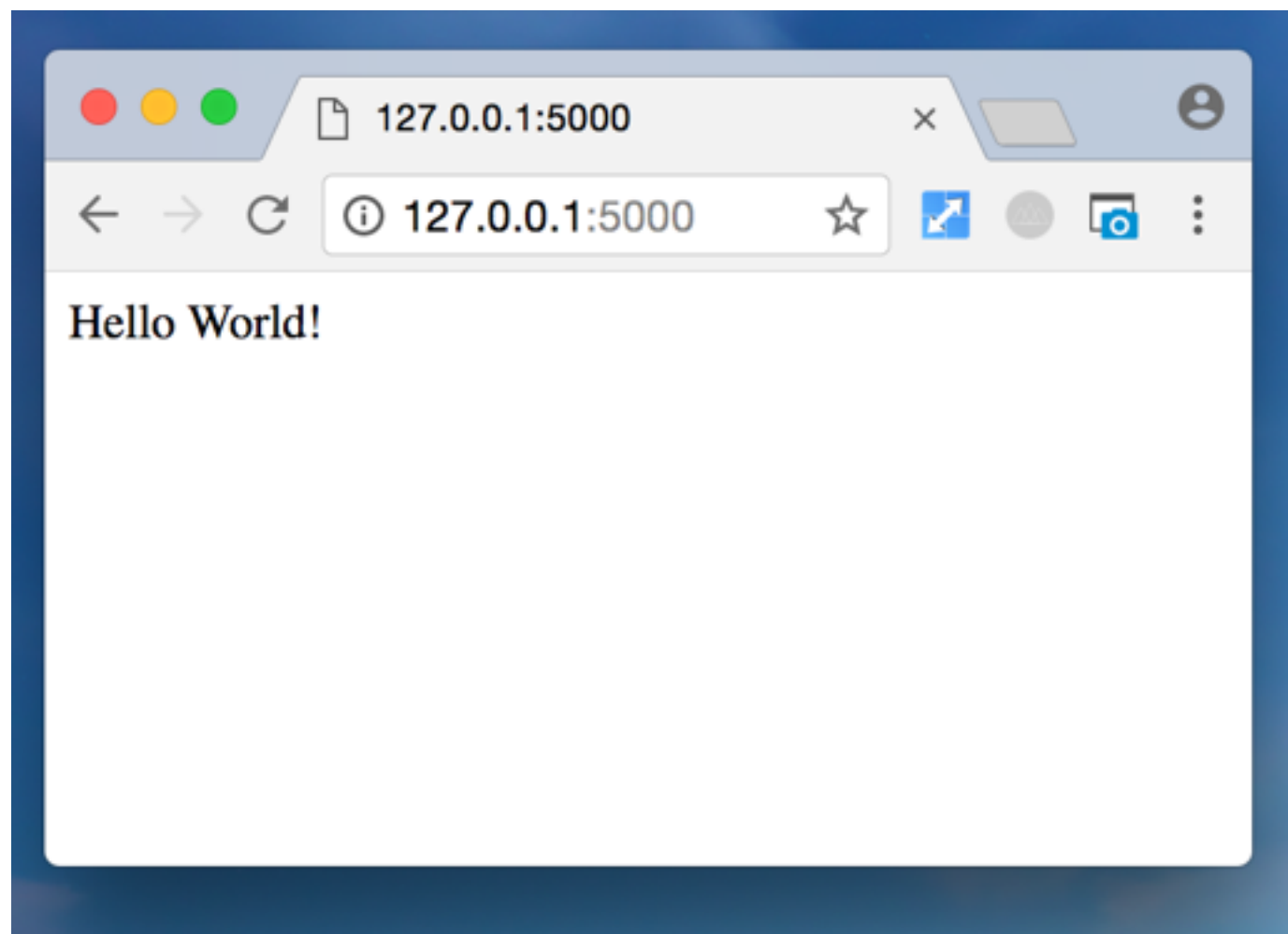
```
from flask import Flask
app = Flask(__name__)

@app.route("/")
def hello():
    return "Hello World!"
```

```
$ pip install Flask
$ FLASK_APP=hello.py flask run
* Running on http://localhost:5000/
```

The simplest Flask App

- This produces the web page:



A simple flask app

- What about a slightly more complicated one?
 - Templates!


```
from flask import Flask, render_template
app = Flask(__name__)

@app.route("/")
def hello():
    pagetitle = 'Testing...'
    pageheading = 'Testing...'
    pagetext = 'One, Two Three.'
    return render_template("hello.html", pagetitle=pagetitle,
                           pageheading=pageheading,
                           pagetext=pagetext)
```

```
<!DOCTYPE HTML>
<html lang="en">
  <head>
    <title>{{pagetitle}}</title>
    <link rel="stylesheet" href="/static/style.css" type="text/css"/>
  </head>
  <body>
    <h2>{{pageheading}}</h2>
    <p> {{pagetext}}</p>
  </body>
</html>
```

```

from flask import Flask, render_template
app = Flask(__name__)

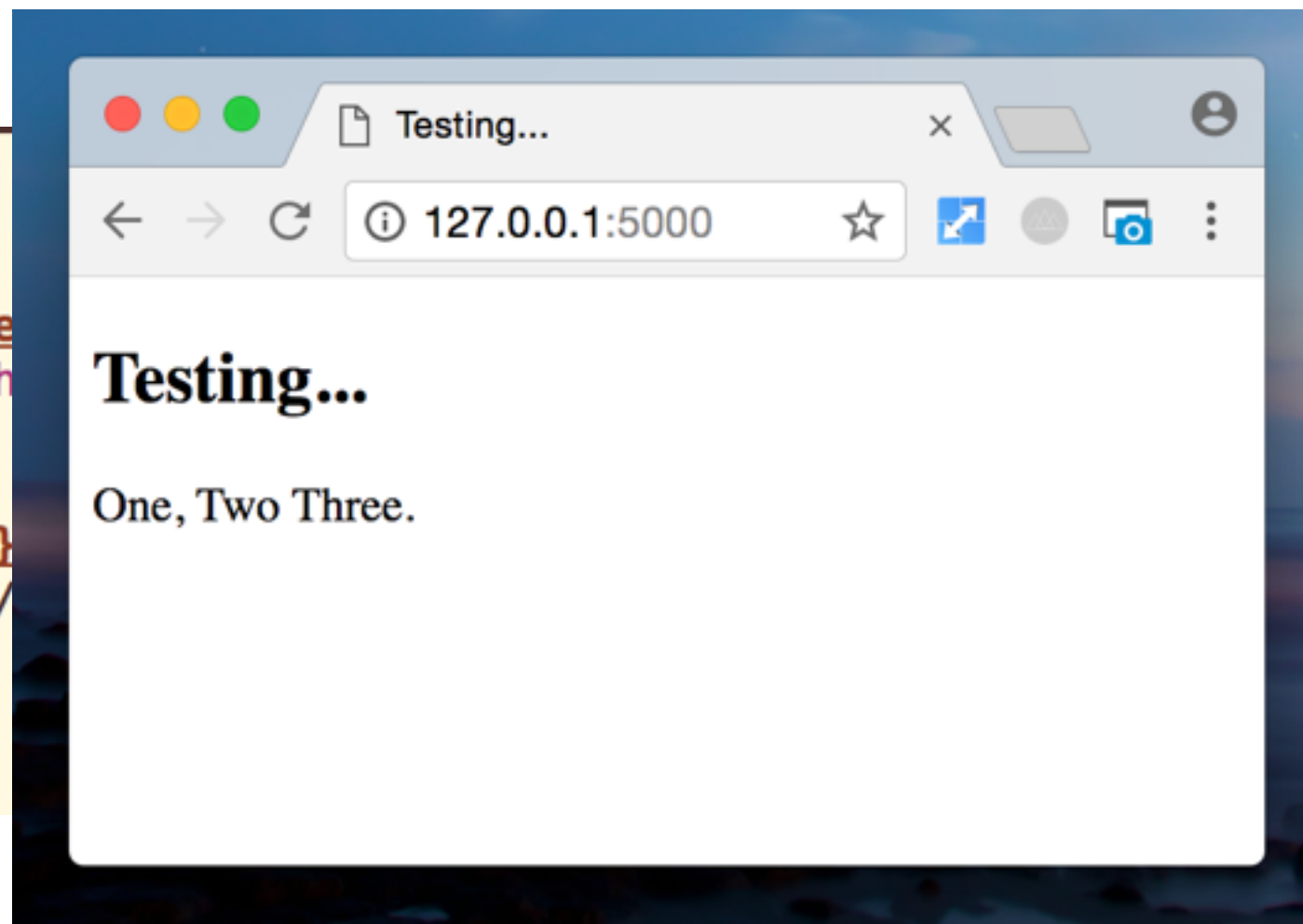
@app.route("/")
def hello():
    pagetitle = 'Testing...'
    pageheading = 'Testing...'
    pagetext = 'One, Two Three.'
    return render_template("hello.html", pagetitle=pagetitle,
                           pageheading=pageheading,
                           pagetext=pagetext)

```

```

<!DOCTYPE HTML>
<html lang="en">
  <head>
    <title>{{pagetitle}}
    <link rel="stylesheet" href="style.css">
  </head>
  <body>
    <h2>{{pageheading}}
    <p> {{pagetext}}</p>
  </body>
</html>

```



A simple flask app

- What about a slightly more complicated one?
 - Templates!
 - Routes — easily change your pages URLs.

```
app = Flask(__name__)

@app.route("/")
def hello():
    pagetitle = 'Testing...'
    pageheading = 'Testing...'
    pagetext = 'One, Two Three.'
    return render_template("hello.html", pagetitle=pagetitle,
                           pageheading=pageheading,
                           pagetext=pagetext)

@app.route("/<obsid>/info")
def info(obsid):

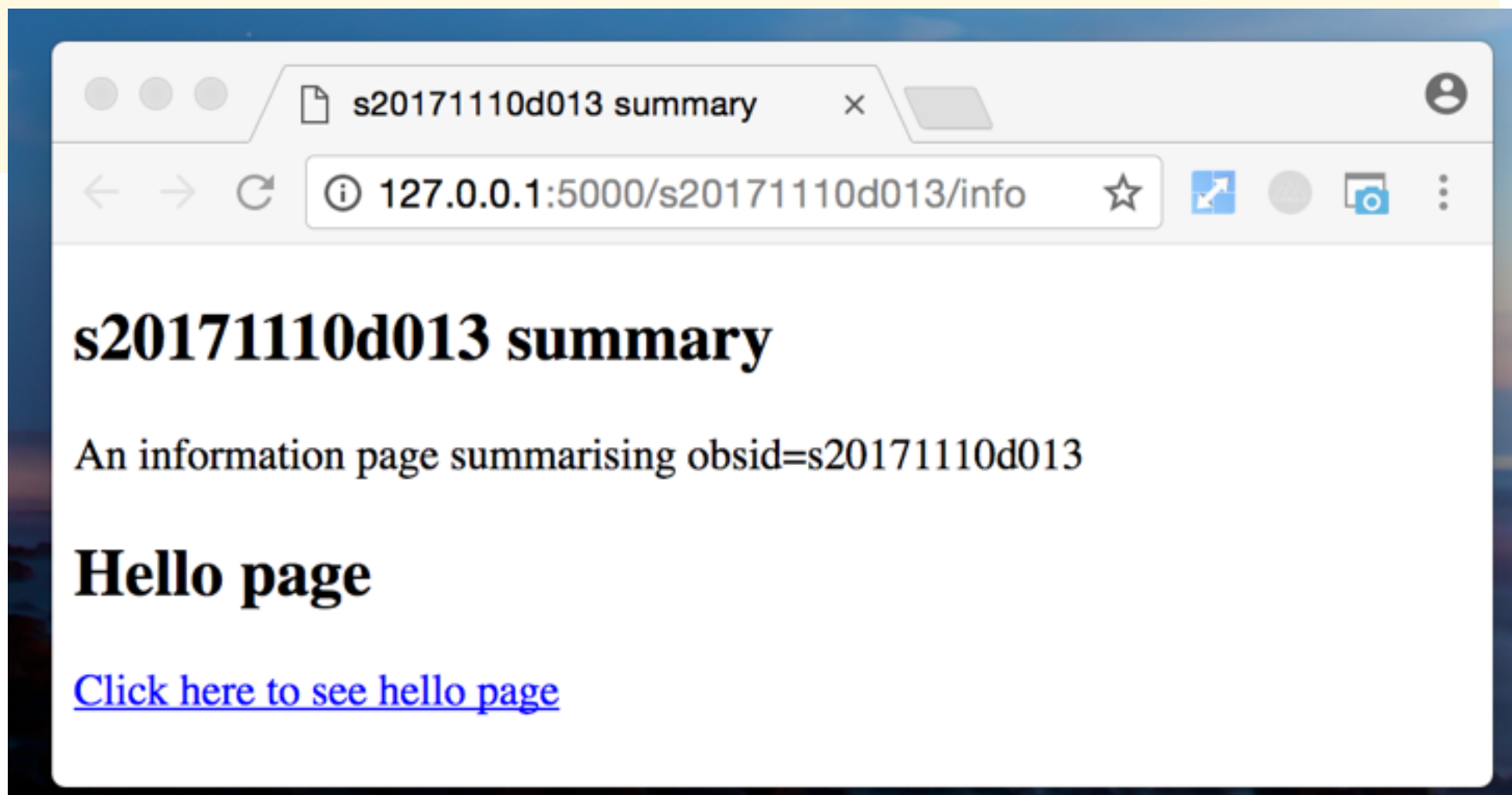
    pagetext = "An information page summarising obsid={}".format(obsid)
    pagetitle = "{} summary".format(obsid)
    pageheading = pagetitle

    return render_template("hello.html", pagetitle=pagetitle,
                           pageheading=pageheading,
                           pagetext=pagetext,
                           )
```



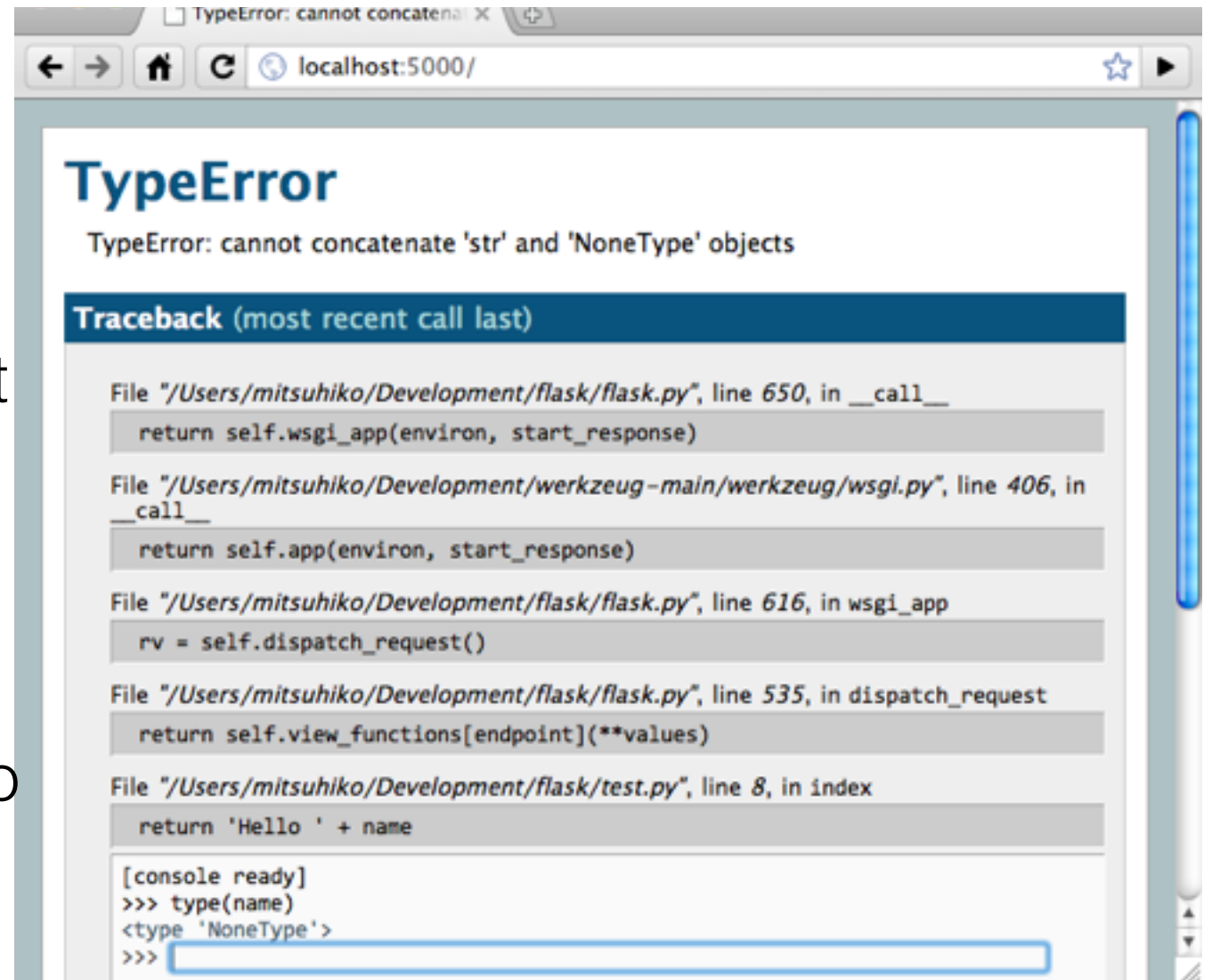
```
def info(obsid):  
  
    pagetext = "An information page summarising obsid={}".format(obsid)  
    pagetitle = "{} summary".format(obsid)  
    pageheading = pagetitle  
  
    return render_template("hello.html", pagetitle=pagetitle,  
                           pageheading=pageheading,  
                           pagetext=pagetext,  
                           )
```

```
<!DOCTYPE HTML>
<html lang="en">
  <head>
    <title>{{pagetitle}}</title>
    <link rel="stylesheet" href="/static/style.css" type="text/css"/>
  </head>
  <body>
    <h2>{{pageheading}}</h2>
    <p> {{pagetext}}</p>
    <h2>Hello page</h2>
    <a href="{{url_for('hello')}}">Click here to see hello page</a>
  </body>
</html>
```



Debugging!

- Because sometime, somewhere, the 503 Internal Server Error will strike you...
- Debug mode for development runs the internal Flask server with automatic reloading on changes to the source code.
- If errors occur, dumps you into an interactive screen with the traceback and an interactive python terminal so you can find out what went wrong.



```
TypeError: cannot concatenate 'str' and 'NoneType' objects

Traceback (most recent call last)

File "/Users/mitsuhiko/Development/flask/flask.py", line 650, in __call__
    return self.wsgi_app(environ, start_response)

File "/Users/mitsuhiko/Development/werkzeug-main/werkzeug/wsgi.py", line 406, in
__call__
    return self.app(environ, start_response)

File "/Users/mitsuhiko/Development/flask/flask.py", line 616, in wsgi_app
    rv = self.dispatch_request()

File "/Users/mitsuhiko/Development/flask/flask.py", line 535, in dispatch_request
    return self.view_functions[endpoint](**values)

File "/Users/mitsuhiko/Development/flask/test.py", line 8, in index
    return 'Hello ' + name

[console ready]
>>> type(name)
<type 'NoneType'>
>>>
```

Image from Flask documentation

Jinja 2 templates

- Very full featured and powerful.
- Basic idea: write html, then put variables names in double curly braces:

`<p> The python variable is {{variablename}}</p>`

- More advanced features:

- loops and ifs:

```
{% for x in object %}  
<insert text here>  
{% endfor %}
```

- macros: write once, use again and again. Call like a function.
 - filters and tests:

Images

- Don't need to write images to files on disk: can use sendfile method to create image when page is loaded.
- Create image with e.g. matplotlib
- Write that image to a text stream
- Create a route that returns a send_file object of that stream.

```
from flask import send_file
from matplotlib.backends.backend_agg import FigureCanvasAgg as FigureCanvas
from matplotlib.figure import Figure

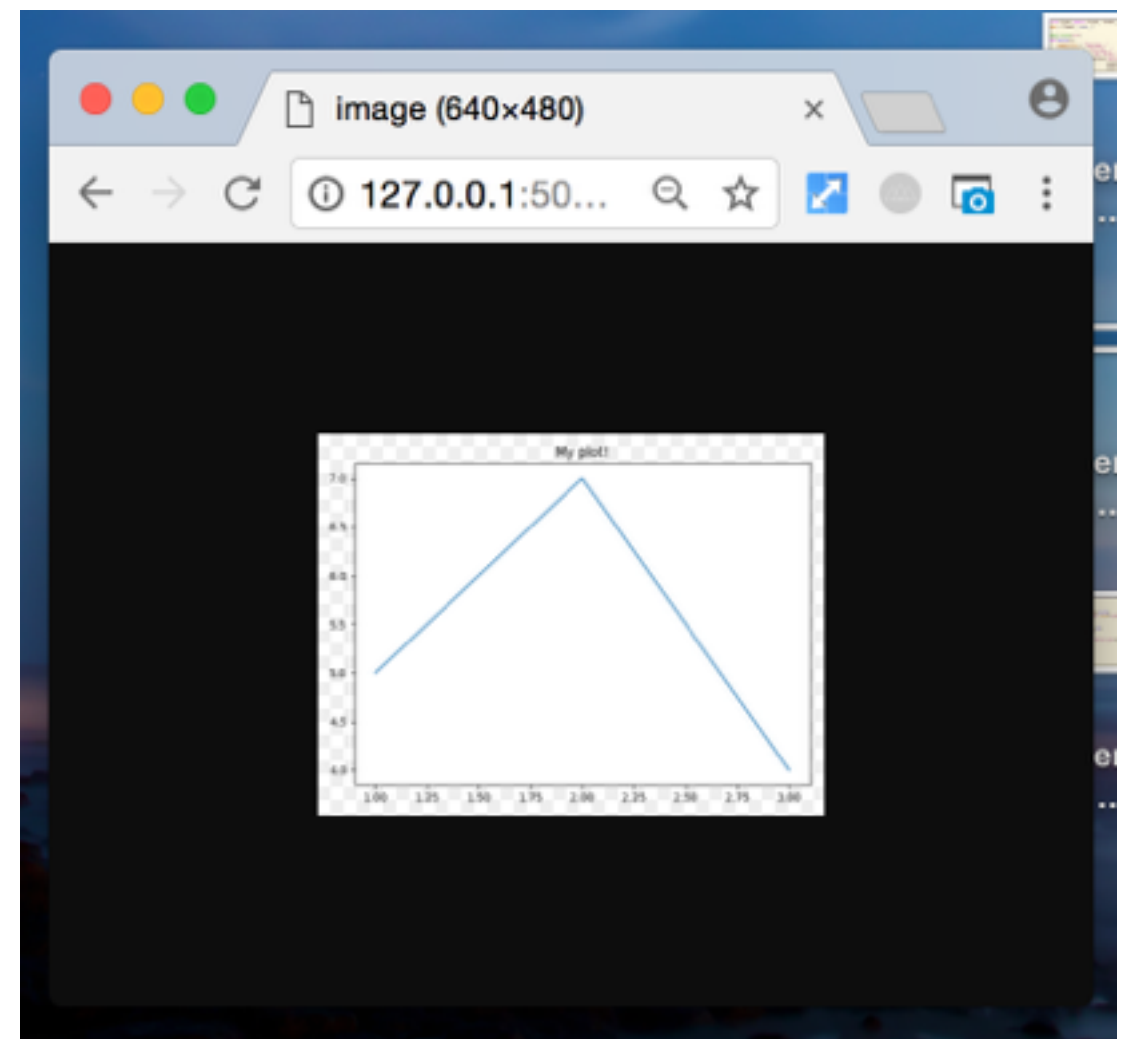
@app.route("/image")
def create_image():
    fig = Figure()
    # Transparent background
    fig.patch.set_visible(False)
    ax = fig.add_subplot(111)
    ax.plot([1,2,3], [5,7,4.0])
    ax.set_title('My plot!')
    #Ensure all of image is in the plot
    fig.tight_layout()

    # Create image as stream.
    canvas = FigureCanvas(fig)
    img = BytesIO()
    canvas.print_png(img)
    img.seek(0)

    return send_file(img, mimetype='image/png')
```

Images

- Don't need to write images to files on disk: can use sendfile method to create image when page is loaded.
- Create image with e.g. matplotlib
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Summary of projects: semester=17B and queue=PI

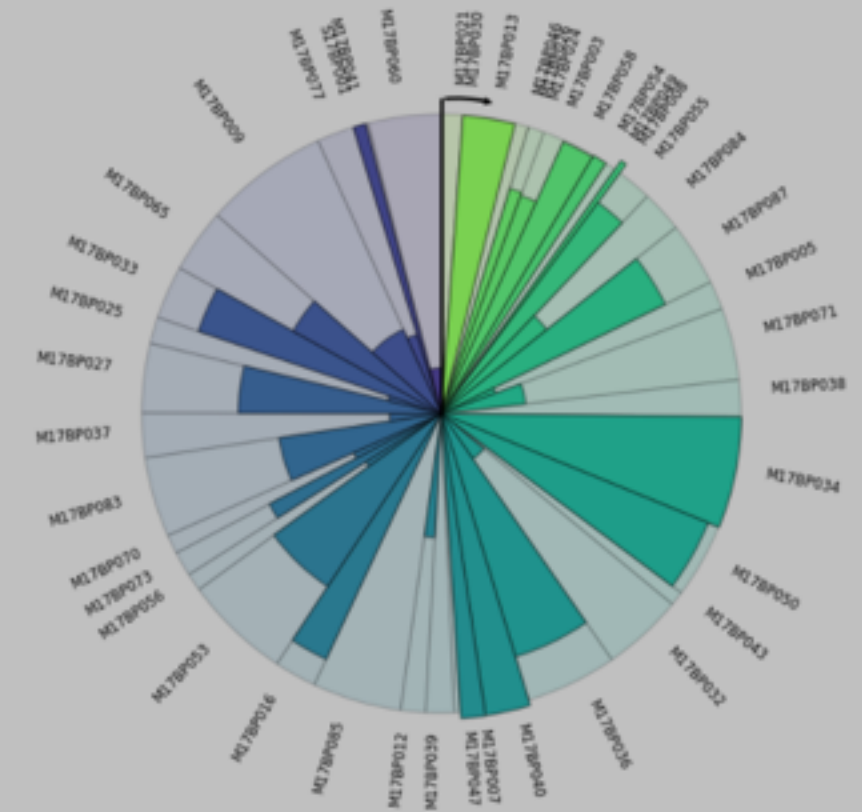
Project constraints

Semester	17B
Queue	PI
Pattern	Project pattern
FoP	OMP ID, Requires Sem.
Project IDs	one per line
Excluded Projects	one per line

☐ Show details
☒ Show observing blocks
☐ Exclude completed projects
☒ Show MSB availability

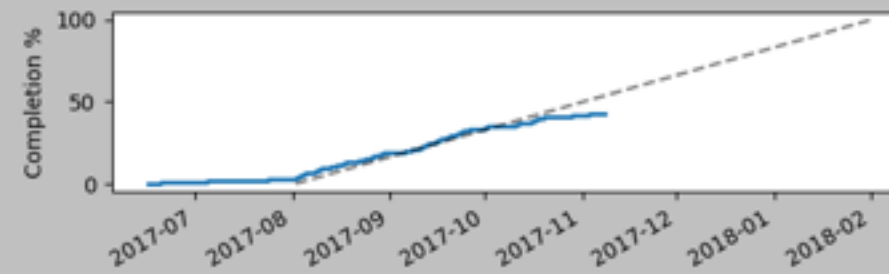
Submit

42.6% complete (444.4 / 1042.9 hrs)



Project list (priority order)

M17BP021 TETARENKO	0.0%	Constraining Jet Formation and Evolution with Transient X-ray Binaries
M17BP030 BOWERG	0.0%	Probing Magnetized Accretion Flow around Sgr A* on 1-40 pc scales and on 1-10,000 Schwarzschild Radii with JCMT Polarimetry
M17BP013 CHAPMANS	99.5%	Completing the S2-Web survey
M17BP046 BASTIENP	0.0%	Testing Alignment of Carbonaceous Grains
M17BP026 KOCHP	0.0%	Magnetic Field and Rotational Motion in Proto-circumstellar Disk Formation
M17BP024 FUMAGAL-LIM	61.7%	Extended Quasar Nebulae as Nurseries of Massive Clusters
M17BP003 GEARW	60.0%	SCUBA2 Imaging of M33: Triangulum Galaxy
M17BP058 KWONW	98.9%	Magnetic Field Morphologies around Class 0 Young Stellar Objects
M17BP054 YOOH	100.0%	High sensitivity observations of variable source EC53
M17BP049 YANGB	0.0%	Large Particles in 3200 Phaethon: A Unique Opportunity
M17BP008 WHITEJ	107.4%	Measuring Emission from Stellar Atmospheres in Submillimeter/millimeter Wavelengths
M17BP055 ROSOTTIG	77.0%	Proto-planetary disc masses at the end of their lifetime
M17BP084



M17BP021: 0.0/12.0 (0%) Constraining Jet Formation and Evolution with Transient X-ray Binaries
M17BP030: 0.0/0.0 (NaN%) Probing Magnetized Accretion Flow around Sgr A* on 1-40 pc scales and on 1-10,000 Schwarzschild Radii with JCMT Polarimetry
M17BP013: 29.1/29.3 (99.5%) Completing the S2-Web survey
M17BP046: 0.0/7.7 (0%) Testing Alignment of Carbonaceous Grains
M17BP026: 0.0/0.0 (NaN%) Magnetic Field and Rotational Motion in Proto-circumstellar Disk Formation
M17BP024: 5.5/9.0 (61.7%) Extended Quasar Nebulae as Nurseries of Massive Clusters
M17BP003: 7.2/12.0 (60%) SCUBA2 Imaging of M33: Triangulum Galaxy
M17BP054: 8.1/8.1 (100%) High sensitivity observations of variable source EC53
M17BP058: 18.2/18.4 (98.9%) Magnetic Field Morphologies around Class 0 Young Stellar Objects
M17BP049: 0.0/6.0 (0%) Large Particles in 3200 Phaethon: A Unique Opportunity
M17BP008: 3.6/3.4 (107%) Measuring Emission from Stellar Atmospheres in Submillimeter/millimeter Wavelengths
M17BP055: 17.9/20.0 (89.5%) Proto-planetary disc masses at the end of their lifetime